# Fasting in Ramadan

### What is Fasting?

The word مِبِيَام (ṣiyām) or صَوْم (ṣawm) linguistically means to abstain or stop doing something. An example of this is the statement of Allah:

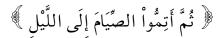
﴿ إِنِّي نَذَرْتُ لِلرَّحْمَنِ صَوْمًا ﴾

I have certainly vowed to the Most Merciful abstention (sawm).

[Sūrah Maryam, 19:26]

In this verse, the word مَوَمْ (ṣawm) means "silence" or to abstain from speech.

In the religion however, the word means to fast: to abstain from food, drink, and intimate relations – with a sincere intention to please Allah ( عزّ وجلّ ) – during all hours of the day. This is based on His command:



#### Then complete the fast (șiyām) until the night.

[Sūrah al-Baqarah, 2:187]

### The Virtues of Fasting in General

1. Abū Hurayrah ( رضي الله عليه وسلّم ) said that he heard the messenger of Allah ( صلّى الله عليه وسلّم ) say that Allah ( عزّ وجلّ ) said:

"Every deed of the Son of Adam is for himself except fasting - it is for me and I will personally reward it." I swear by the one in whose hand is the soul of Muhammad, the breath in the mouth of a fasting person is better to Allah than the smell of perfume.<sup>1</sup>

And in another narration of the same hadīth, there is the wording:

« إِنَّ لِلصَّائِم فَرْحَتَيْنِ إِذَا أَفْطَرَ فَرِحَ، وَإِذَا لَقِيَ اللهَ فَرِحَ »

There are two times of happiness for the fasting person: when he breaks his fast, he is happy and when he meets Allah, he is happy.<sup>2</sup>

Hudhayfah ( رضى الله عليه وسلم ) said that he heard the messenger of Allah ( رضى الله عنه ) say:

A man's tribulations and problems can occur within his family, his wealth, himself, his children, and his neighbors. All of those are forgiven or removed by fasting, praying, and enjoining good and forbidding evil.<sup>3</sup>

2. Hudhayfah ( صلّى الله عليه وسلّم ) said that Allah's messenger ( رضى الله عنه ) said:

This ḥadīth is recorded by Muslim (no. 1151). Recorded by Muslim (no. 1151).

<sup>2</sup> 

<sup>3</sup> Recorded by al-Bukhārī (no. 1895) and Muslim (no. 144).

Fasting is a means of protection, so the person should not speak badly or act rudely. And if someone fights him or insults him, let him say twice, "I am fasting." I swear by the one in whose hand is my soul, the smell of a fasting person's mouth is better to Allah than the scent of perfume. (Allah says) "He leaves his food, his drink, and his desire just for Me. Fasting is just for Me and I will reward it, and a good deed is worth ten like it."<sup>4</sup>

It is also reported that 'Alī ( رضي الله عنه ) said, "Fasting is not only abstaining from food and drink; rather fasting is also from lying and evil and obscene speech."<sup>5</sup>

It is reported that Jābir Ibn 'Abdullah al-Anṣārī ( رضي الله عنه ) said, "When you fast, let your hearing, your sight, and your tongue also fast from lying and sinning. Do not harm your neighbor. You must have dignity and calmness. And do not let the day you fast be the same as the day you eat."<sup>6</sup>

3. Sa'īd al-Khudrī ( رضي الله عنه وسلّم ) said that he heard the prophet ( رضي الله عنه ) say:

« مَنْ صَامَ يَوْمًا فِي سَبِيْلِ اللهِ بَعَّدَ اللهُ وَجْهَهُ عَنِ النَّارِ سَبْعِيْنَ خَرِيْفًا »

Whoever fasts a single day for the sake of Allah, Allah will distance his face seventy vears away from the fire.<sup>7</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Recorded by al-Bukhārī (no. 1894) and Muslim (no. 1151).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See "Kitāb al-Ṣiyām" in "al-Muşannaf" of Ibn Abī Shaybah.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> "Kitāb al-Ṣiyām" in "al-Muṣannaf" of Ibn Abī Shaybah.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Recorded by al-Bukhārī (no. 2840) and Muslim (no. 1153).

4. Abū Umāmah ( صلّى الله عليه وسلّم ) reported that the prophet ( رضى الله عنه ) said:

« مَنْ صَامَ يَوْمًا فِي سَبِيْلِ اللهِ، خَعَلَ اللهُ بَيْنَهُ وَبَيْنَ النَّارِ خَنْدَقًا كَمَا بَيْنَ السَّمَاءِ وَالأَرْضِ »

Whoever fasts a single day for the sake of Allah, Allah will make between him and the fire a trench like the distance between the heavens and the earth.<sup>8</sup>

5. Sahl Ibn Sa'd ( صلّى الله عليه وسلّم ) reported that the prophet ( رضى الله عنه ) said:

In paradise, there is a gate called "al-Rayyān."<sup>9</sup> The fasting people will enter through it on the Day of Resurrection; no one other than they will enter through it. It will be said, "Where are the fasting people?" So they will stand. No one but they will enter through it. And when they all pass through it, it will be locked and then no one else will enter through it.<sup>10</sup>

6. Abū Umāmah ( رضي الله عليه وسلّم ) also narrated that the messenger of Allah ( رضي الله عنه ) said:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Recorded by al-Tirmidhī (see al-Albānī's "Ṣaḥīḥ Sunan al-Tirmidhī," no. 1325) and by al-Albānī in "al-Ṣaḥīḥah," no. 563.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> al-Ḥāfiẓ Ibn Ḥajar said, "al-Rayyān is the proper name of one of the gates of paradise specifically through which the those who fast often will enter. The name is appropriate in its wording and its meaning because it is derived from the Arabic word الرَّي (al-Rayy) which means the quenching of thirst. So it is appropriate to the condition of the fasting people...or because it (thirst) is harder upon the fasting person than hunger."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Recorded by al-Bukhārī (no. 1896) and Muslim (no. 1152).

# « عَلَيْكَ بِالهِجْرَةِ فَإِنَّهُ لا مِثْلَ لَهَا، عَلَيْكَ بِالصَّوْمِ فَإِنَّهُ لا مِثْلَ لَهُ، عَلَيْكَ بِالسُّجُوْدِ فَإِنَّكَ لا تَسْجُدُ للهِ سَجْدَةً إلاَّ رَفَعَكَ اللهُ بِهَا دَرَجَةً، وَحَطَّ عَنْكَ بِهَا خَطِيْئَةً »

You must make the migration because there is nothing like it (in reward). You must fast because there is nothing like it, and you must bow down (prostrate) because if you bow down to Allah just once, Allah will raise you up a level and will remove a sin from you.<sup>11</sup>

7. 'Abdullah Ibn 'Amr ( رضي الله عليه وسلّم ) reported that Allah's messenger ( رضي الله عنهما ) said:

Fasting and the Quran will both intercede for the worshipper on the Day of Resurrection. Fasting will say, "Oh lord, I prevented him from food and desire so let me intercede (ask for forgiveness) for him." And the Quran will say, "I prevented him from sleeping at night so let me intercede for him." So they will both be allowed to intercede. <sup>12</sup> <sup>13</sup>

8. Abū Hurayrah ( رضى الله عليه وسلّم ) narrated that the prophet ( رضى الله عنه ) said:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Recorded by al-Nasā'ī (see al-Albānī's "Ṣaḥīḥ Sunan al-Nasā'ī," no. 2100) and by al-Albānī in "al-Ṣaḥīḥah," no. 1937.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> al-Albānī says in "Ṣaḥīḥ al-Targhīb wa al-Tarhīb" (1/483):

The meaning here is that Allah will allow them to intercede for the person and enter him into paradise. al-Mannānī said, "This statement is to be taken upon its actual meaning in that the person will find the reward of both (fasting and reading the Quran) and Allah will create speech for them both since Allah is capable of doing anything. So it is understood that this is an example of metaphorical likeness."

I (al-Albānī) say, the first part (of al-Mannānī's statement) is correct and that is how we must understand the meaning here and in other hadīth like it in which deeds are described in terms of having physical forms and characteristics...And changing the apparent meaning of such texts is not the way of the Salaf. Rather, it is the way of the Mu'tazilah and others like them. And such misinterpretations negate one of the basic, core principles of faith mentioned in the verse (in Sūrah al-Baqarah), **"Those who believe in the unseen."** So beware of following their example and thus become misguided and ruined.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Recorded by Ahmad and al-Ţabarānī in "al-Kabīr." And al-Albānī says it is authentic in "Şaḥīḥ al-Targhīb wa al-Tarhīb" (no. 969).

« الطَّاعِمُ الشَّاكِرُ بِمَنْزِلَةِ الصَّائِم الصَّابِر »

The one eats and is thankful is at the level of the one who fasts and is patient.<sup>14</sup>

### Fasting in Ramadan

Fasting in Ramadan is an obligation since it is one of the pillars of the religion. Allah ( تعالى ) says in the Quran:

﴿ يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُواْ كُتِبَ عَلَيْكُمُ الصِّيَامُ كَمَا كُتِبَ عَلَى الَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَّقُونَ ﴾

Oh you who believe, fasting is prescribed for you like it was prescribed for those before you so that you may become righteous.

[Sūrah al-Baqarah, 2:183]

Ibn 'Umar ( صلّى الله عليه وسلّم ) said that the messenger of Allah ( رضى الله عنهما ) said:

Islam is built on five (pillars): testifying that nothing deserves worship but Allah and that Muhammad is the messenger of Allah, establishing prayer, giving charity, performing the pilgrimage, and fasting in Ramadan.<sup>15</sup>

بَالله بالله عنه ) said that a Bedouin with messy hair came to the messenger of Allah ( رضي الله عنه ) and said, "Oh messenger of Allah, tell me what Allah has commanded me to do as far as prayer." So he ( صلّى الله عليه وسلّم ) answered:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Recorded by al-Tirmidhī and Ibn Mājah (see al-Albānī's "Ṣaḥīḥ Sunan Ibn Mājah," no. 1427) and by al-Albānī in "al-Ṣaḥīḥah," no. 655.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Recorded by al-Bukhārī (no. 8) and Muslim (no. 16).

«الصَّلَوَات الخَمْس إِلاَّ أَنْ تُطَوِّعَ شَيْئًا »

The five prayers unless you want to do more.

The man said, "Tell me what Allah has commanded me to do as far as fasting." He ( صلّى الله عليه ) replied:

« شَهْر رَمَضَانَ إِلاَّ أَنْ تُطَوِّعَ شَيْئًا »

The month of Ramadan unless you want to do more.

The man further said, "Tell me what Allah has commanded me to do as far as charity." So Allah's messenger ( صلّى الله عليه وسلّم ) informed him about all the laws of Islam. The Bedouin then said, "I swear by the one who has honored you, I will neither do anything more, nor will I do anything less than what Allah has commanded me to do." To this, the messenger ( مسلّى الله عليه ) said:

« أَفْلَحَ إِنْ صَدَقَ – أَوْ دَخَلَ الجَنَّةَ إِنْ صَدَقَ - »

He will be successful if he is truthful – or he said – He will enter paradise if he is truthful.<sup>16</sup>

### The Virtues of Fasting in Ramadan

1. Abū Hurayrah ( رضي الله عليه وسلّم ) said that the messenger of Allah ( رضي الله عنه ) said:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Recorded by al-Bukhārī (no. 1891) and Muslim (no. 11).

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## « مَنْ صَامَ رَمَضَانَ إِيْمَانًا وَاحْتِسَابًا غُفِّرَ لَهُ مَا تَقَدَّمَ مِنْ ذَنْبِهِ »

Whoever fasts Ramadan out of faith and hope for reward, his past sins will be forgiven.<sup>17</sup>

2. 'Amr Ibn Murrah al-Juhaniyy ( رضي الله عنه ) said that a man came to the prophet ( وسلّم ) and asked, "Oh messenger of Allah, if I testify that nothing deserves worship but Allah and that you are the messenger of Allah, and I pray the five prayers, give charity, and fast Ramadan, what kind of people will I be from?" He ( صلّى الله عليه وسلّم ) answered:

«مِن الصِّدِّيْقِيْنَ وَالشُّهَدَاءِ »

From the truthful and martyrs.<sup>18</sup>

3. Abū Hurayrah ( رضى الله عليه وسلّم ) said that the Allah's messenger ( رضى الله عنه ) said:

Ramadan has come to you, a blessed month. Allah ( عزّ وجلّ ) has obligated fasting for you during it. During the month, the gates of heaven are open and the gates of Hell are closed. The strongest, most arrogant devils are chained during it. Allah has in it a night that is better than a thousand months; whoever is prevented from obtaining the good of that night is certainly prevented (from much good).<sup>19</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Recorded by al-Bukhārī (no. 1901) and Muslim (no. 760).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Recorded by al-Bazzār and Ibn Hibbān, and al-Albānī says it is authentic in "Ṣaḥīḥ al-Targhīb wa al-Tarhīb" (no. 989).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Recorded by Ahmad and al-Nasā'ī (see al-Albānī's "Ṣaḥīḥ Sunan al-Nasā'ī," no. 1992) and by al-Albānī in "Ṣaḥīḥ al-Targhīb wa al-Tarhīb" (no. 985).

4. It is reported that Abū Hurayrah ( رضي الله عنه ) also said that the messenger of Allah ( رضي الله عليه ) said:

On the first night of the month of Ramadan, the devils are chained as well as the strongest, most arrogant of the *Jinn*. The gates of the fire are closed and not one of its gates will be opened. The gates of paradise are opened and not one of them will be closed. A caller will call out, "Oh seeker of good, come forward. And oh seeker of evil, refrain." Allah frees people from the fire, and that happens every night.<sup>20</sup>

5. Abū Hurayrah ( رضي الله عنه ) narrated that the messenger of Allah ( رضي الله عنه ) said:

The five prayers, one Friday to another Friday, and one Ramadan to the another Ramadan explate whatever sins are committed between them as long as the major sins are avoided.<sup>21</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Recorded by al-Tirmidhī and Ibn Mājah. See al-Albānī's "Ṣaḥīḥ Sunan al-Tirmidhī" (no. 549).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Recorded by Muslim (no. 233).